DOCUMENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATOR DETERMINATION

Interim Final 2/5/99

RCRA Corrective Action Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA725)

Current Human Exposures Under Control

Facility	Name:	RAYTHEON INC.
•	Address:	Boulder, Colorado
-	EPA ID#:	CODO0768646
1.	groundwater, s Waste Manage	e relevant/significant information on known and reasonably suspected releases to soil, urface water/sediments, and air, subject to RCRA Corrective Action (e.g., from Solid ment Units (SWMU), Regulated Units (RU), and Areas of Concern (AOC)), been his El determination?
	ngwesi ni	If yes - check here and continue with #2 below.
		If no - re-evaluate existing data, or
		if data are not available skip to #6 and enter"IN" (more information needed) status code.
BACK	GROUND	

Definition of Environmental Indicators (for the RCRA Corrective Action)

Environmental Indicators (EI) are measures being used by the RCRA Corrective Action program to go beyond programmatic activity measures (e.g., reports received and approved, etc.) to track changes in the quality of the environment. The two El developed to-date indicate the quality of the environment in relation to current human exposures to contamination and the migration of contaminated groundwater. An El for non-human (ecological) receptors is intended to be developed in the future.

Definition of "Current Human Exposures Under Control" El

A positive "Current Human Exposures Under Control" El determination ("YE" status code) indicates that there are no "unacceptable" human exposures to "contamination" (i.e., contaminants in concentrations in excess of appropriate risk-based levels) that can be reasonably expected under current land- and groundwater-use conditions (for all "contamination" subject to RCRA corrective action at or from the identified facility (i.e., site-wide)).

Relationship of El to Final Remedies

While Final remedies remain the long-term objective of the RCRA Corrective Action program the EI are nearterm objectives which are currently being used as Program measures for the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993, GPRA). The "Current Human Exposures Under Control" El are for reasonably expected human exposures under current land- and groundwater-use conditions ONLY, and do not consider potential future land- or groundwater-use conditions or ecological receptors. The RCRA Corrective Action program's overall mission to protect human health and the environment requires that Final remedies address these issues (i.e., potential future human exposure scenarios, future land and groundwater uses, and ecological receptors).

Duration / Applicability of EI Determinations

El Determinations status codes should remain in RCRIS national database ONLY as long as they remain true (i.e., RCRIS status codes must be changed when the regulatory authorities become aware of contrary information).

2.	Are groundwater, soil, surface water, sediments, or air media known or reasonably suspected to be "contaminated" above appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (applicable promulgated standards, as
	well as other appropriate standards, guidelines, guidance, or criteria) from releases subject to RCRA
	Corrective Action (from SWMUs, RUs or AOCs)?

	Yes No ?	Rationale / Key Contaminants
	Groundwater x	CE, DCE, vinvl cloride, freon 113, acetone
	Groundwater $\frac{X}{X}$ $\frac{T}{X}$	NDMA.
	Groundwater $\frac{\text{Yes}}{\text{X}} = \frac{\text{No}}{2}$ Air (indoors) ² $\frac{\text{X}}{\text{X}} = \frac{\text{X}}{2}$ Surface Soil (e.g., <2 ft) $\frac{\text{X}}{\text{X}} = \frac{\text{X}}{2}$ Surface Water $\frac{\text{X}}{2} = \frac{\text{X}}{2}$ Sediment $\frac{\text{X}}{2} = \frac{\text{X}}{2}$ Subsurf Soil (e.g. >2 ft) $\frac{\text{X}}{2} = \frac{\text{X}}{2}$	lo evidence
	Surface Water x	CE, DCE, vinvl cloride
	Sediment yT	CE, DCE, vinyl cloride
	Subsurf. Soil (e.g., >2 ft)	CE, DCE, vinvl cloride, freon 113, acetone
	Air (outdoors)	NDMA.
	All (outdoors)	
	appropriate "levels," and referencin that these "levels" are not exceeded	d enter "YE," status code after providing or citing g sufficient supporting documentation demonstrating.
	If yes (for any media) - continue aft	er identifying key contaminants in each ropriate "levels" (or provide an explanation for the
	determination that the medium coul	d pose an unacceptable risk), and referencing
	supporting documentation.	• Pool and the second s
	Supporting documentation.	
	lf unknown (for any media) - skip to	o #6 and enter "IN" status code.
	II dikijovii (joi daly incola) onip (
	Rationale and Reference(s):	
	Clean Room Annex/Former Impoundmen	t, Unnamed Drainage, and Off-Site Seep Are
1)	1) Harlan, Casey & Associates, Inc., 1	992. Remedial Investigation, Beech Aircra
-/	Boulder, Colorado Facility: Report	on Preliminary Investigations and detailed
	T Dlam (N1 10 1002 - Povri cod	711117 7 19971
2)	2) Hemley & Accordator The 1995 R	autheon Aircraft (O., Boulder, Colorado
•	Facility: Report on Confirmatory I	nvestigations and supplemental Sampling ar
	Analysis (November 2, 1995).	and the control of th
3)	3) Harlan & Associates, Inc., 2000a.	Raytheon Aircraft Company, former Boulder,
•	Colorado, Facility, Clean Room Anne	x/Former Impoundment Area: Report on Phas
	Investigations. (January 12, 2000)	
	Target/Missile Fueling Area:	
L)	Harlan & Associates, Inc., 2000b.	Raytheon Aircraft Company, former Boulder
-,	Colorado, facility, Target/Missile	Fueling Area: Report on Phase II
	Investigations. (January 12, 2000).	

Footnotes:

¹ "Contamination" and "contaminated" describes media containing contaminants (in any form, NAPL and/or dissolved, vapors, or solids, that are subject to RCRA) in concentrations in excess of appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (for the media, that identify risks within the acceptable risk range).

² Recent evidence (from the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment, and others) suggest that unacceptable indoor air concentrations are more common in structures above groundwater with volatile contaminants than previously believed. This is a rapidly developing field and reviewers are encouraged to look to the latest guidance for the appropriate methods and scale of demonstration necessary to be reasonably certain that indoor air (in structures located above (and adjacent to) groundwater with volatile contaminants) does not present unacceptable risks.

3. Are there complete pathways between "contamination" and human receptors such that exposures can be reasonably expected under the current (land- and groundwater-use) conditions?

Summary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table

	Potential Human Receptors (Under Current Conditions)								
Contaminated Media Groundwater	Residents NO	Workers NO	Day-Care No	Construction Yes	Trespassers	Recreation	Food [,]		
Air (indoors)	No	Yes	_No_		***				
Soil (surface, e.g., <2 ft)	No	No	_No_	No	No	No	No		
Surface Water	No	No			No	No	No		
Sediment	No	No	And the second		No_	_No_	No_		
Soil (subsurface e.g., >2 ft)				No			No		
Air (outdoors)		un in the second							

Instructions for Summary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table:

- 1. Strike-out specific Media including Human Receptors' spaces for Media which are not "contaminated") as identified in #2 above.
- 2. enter "yes" or "no" for potential "completeness" under each "Contaminated" Media -- Human Receptor combination (Pathway).

Note: In order to focus the evaluation to the most probable combinations some potential "Contaminated" Media - Human Receptor combinations (Pathways) do not have check spaces ("___"). While these combinations may not be probable in most situations they may be possible in some settings and should be added as necessary.

	skip to #6, and enter "YE" status code, after explaining and/or referencing condition(s) in-place, whether natural or man-made, preventing a complete exposure pathway from each contaminated medium (e.g., use optional Pathway Evaluation Work Sheet to analyze major pathways).
<u> </u>	If yes (pathways are complete for any "Contaminated" Media - Human Receptor combination) - continue after providing supporting explanation.
	If unknown (for any "Contaminated" Media - Human Receptor combination) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code

If no (pathways are not complete for any contaminated media-receptor combination) -

Rationale and Reference(s):

Workers are exposed to indoor air, however all risk are in the 10

range or less. This is considered to be an acceptable risk at present.

Additional indoor air sampling is scheduled. Construction workers

could be exposed during excavation work. See #2 Reference List

³ Indirect Pathway/Receptor (e.g., vegetables, fruits, crops, meat and dairy products, fish, shellfish, etc.)

Can the exposures from any of the complete pathways identified in #3 be reasonably expected to be "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable" because exposures can be reasonably expected to be: 1) greater in magnitude (intensity, frequency and/or duration) than assumed in the derivation of the acceptable "levels" (used to identify the "contamination"); or 2) the combination of exposure magnitude (perhaps even though low) and contaminant concentrations (which may be substantially above the acceptable "levels") could result in greater than acceptable risks)?

<u>x</u>	If no (exposures can not be reasonably expected to be significant (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "YE" status code after explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant."
	If yes (exposures could be reasonably expected to be "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - continue after providing a description (of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure pathway) and explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the remaining complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant."
	lf unknown (for any complete pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code
Const	for indoor air. Cuction workers would not be significantly exposed. Oring and Health & Safety plans would prevent exposure. 2 Reference List.
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⁴ If there is any question on whether the identified exposures are "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") consult a human health Risk Assessment specialist with appropriate education, training and experience.

If yes (all "significant" exposures have been shown to be within acceptable limits) - continue and enter "YE" after summarizing and referencing documentation justifying why all "significant" exposures to "contamination" are within acceptable limits (e.g., site-specific Human Health Risk Assessment).							
	lf no (there are current exposures that can be reasonably expected to be "unacceptable")- continue and enter "NO" status code after providing a description of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure.						
		or any potentially	'unacceptable	"exposure)-	continue and	enter "IN"	
	status code				en e	e euro	
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	<u>x</u>	review of the in	Current Human Exposi information contained e expected to be "Un	in this El Deten	mination, "Current	ed. Based on a Human
			facility	EPA ID # COD	007068646	_, located at
		Boulder,	, Colorado u	nder current and	reasonably expec	ted conditions
			ation will be re-evaluanges at the facility.	ated when the A	gency/State becom	les aware of
		NO - "Curren	nt Human Exposures"	are NOT "Under	r Control."	
		IN - More in	nformation is needed	to make a determ	nination.	
Comple	ted by	(signature)			Date	· ·
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Location	ns where	References may	y be found:			
	Uni	ted States	Environmental	Protection	Agency	<u> </u>
	RCR	A File Room	M			
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	Den	ver. Colora	ado 80202	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
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		#) 303-31			-	

FINAL NOTE: THE HUMAN EXPOSURES EI IS A QUALITATIVE SCREENING OF EXPOSURES AND THE DETERMINATIONS WITHIN THIS DOCUMENT SHOULD NOT BE USED AS THE SOLE BASIS FOR RESTRICTING THE SCOPE OF MORE DETAILED (E.G., SITE-SPECIFIC) ASSESSMENTS OF RISK.